**²Ü¶ÈºðºÜ Èº¼ìÆ Ð²Üð²äºî²Î²Ü úÈÆØäÆ²¸² 2014**

 **XI-XII ¸²ê²ð²ÜÜºð TEST**

1. ***Read the text and answer the questions.***



1. **According to the passage, what was a main influence on Machiavelli’s political philosophy?**

A The power struggles within and among city-states

B The desire to express his anger for being imprisoned

C The rejection of ancient theories about politics

D The shock and disgust he felt toward political leaders

1. **The word “illusions” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to**

A conclusions B false beliefs C limits D good intentions

1. **What is the subject of *The Prince?***

A The trial and imprisonment of Machiavelli

B The relationship between politics and religion

C The ways that a ruler gains and maintains power

D The history of the political leadership of Florence

1. **The word “their” in paragraph 2 refers to**

A religion and ethics B certain rules

C fellow men D Renaissance despots

1. **The word “pessimistic” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to**

A negative B cautious C religious D emotional

1. **Machiavelli’s political philosophy included all of the following beliefs EXCEPT**

A Politics is the power struggle among men who are all brutal and selfish.

B The ideal ruler understands and exploits the weakness of others.

C People must organize to fight against evil and corruption in politics.

D Politics should be studied and practiced separately from religion and ethics.

1. **According to the author, how has Machiavelli been misunderstood?**

A Some people think he was cowardly for retiring from public life.

B Some of his writings seem to support religion, while others oppose it.

C Some of his principles of republican government have been misused.

D Some people interpret his writings as promoting evil in government.

1. **The word “lucidity” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to**

A distaste B clarity C respect D concern

1. **The word “monologues” in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to**

A speeches B actions C noises D costumes

1. **The Machiavel character in drama has all of the following characteristics EXCEPT**

A dislike for goodness B humorous commentary

C enjoyment of evil D complex motivation

1. **Read the text below and look carefully at each line. Some of the lines are correct and some have a word which should not be there. If a line is correct, put a tick** **. If a line has a word which should not be there, write the word.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **DISCOVERING INDIA** |  |
| 1. By the time you will get this letter I expect you will
 | 1. |
| 1. have been in Calcutta for a week or so. You will
 | 2. |
| 1. have been there able to settle in a bit and get used to the
 | 3. |
| 1. place. It must can have been an exhausting journey.
 | 4. |
| 1. It can’t have been being much fun flying non-stop for nearly
 | 5. |
| 1. twenty-four hours. I must to say I admire your decision
 | 6. |
| 1. to go and work in Calcutta. I know the poverty is
 | 7. |
| 1. depressing but the job at least should to be quite worthwhile.
 | 8. |
| 1. I suppose your boss might have been sent you somewhere
 | 9. |
| 1. where there was war and famine so it could have been
 | 10. |
| 1. worse. And it really must have be a fascinating culture to explore-
 | 11. |
| 1. it must couldn’t be more different from living in Manchester, I bet.
 | 12. |
| 1. I wonder if you could able do me a favour? I’ve always wanted
 | 13. |
| 1. a genuine Indian sari- and it must be really easy to get
 | 14. |
| 1. hold of a good one there. I should have been given you the money
 | 15. |
| 1. before you left but I’ll put it in your bank account if you like.
 | 16. |
| 1. I could and send you a cheque if you prefer but would you be able to cash it there? That’s all for now.
 | 17. |

1. ***Complete the sentences below using the information in the box.***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1.Fleming was studying influenza | 1. after they had been climbing for several days.
 |
| 2. Columbus discovered America | 1. when he discovered penicillin.
 |
| 3. Hillary and Tenzing reached the top of Everest | 1. but Amundsen had beaten him by a month.
 |
| 4. Scott reached the South Pole in 1912 | 1. though at first he believed he had reached Asia.
 |
| 5. Franklin was flying a kite when | 1. he discovered the principle of the lightning conductor.
 |
| 6. Before Columbus discovered America | 1. and several had lost their lives in the attempt.
 |
| 7. Newton made his great discovery | 1. people had believed that the Earth was flat.
 |
| 8. Climbers had been trying to conquer Everest | 1. while he was sitting under an apple tree.
 |

1. ***Fill in the gaps, using the words given. You may use some words more than once.***

***ago since already before still until while for yet during in from***

**FLYING HOME**

A couple of months ago Charles was in Athens on his way back to the States from a business

trip. It had been ages 1)…………… he had felt so angry. Ha had been at the airport 2) …………… seven o’clock in the morning 3) …………now, waiting for a light to New York. An announcement had 4) …………been made to say that the plane was delayed due to ‘technical problems’. Half an hour 5) …………….. that, another announcement had said there was to be a delay caused by air traffic congestion. Now the plane had been sitting on the runway 6) …………..at least an hour but it was 7) ………….not ready to board. 8) ……….. delay, Charles tried to complete his report, which he hadn’t finished 9) ………….., though his boss was expecting it on his return. There was a lot of noise going on around him 10) ……………..he was trying to put the finishing touches to his final paragraph so 11)…………….the end he gave up. It had been years 12) …………….. Charles had travelled by plane. He avoided flying if he could, ever 13) ……………a particularly unpleasant flight years 14) …………. when he was 15) ……………. convinced flying was the worst way to get around.

1. ***Unscramble the letters to make words.***
2. niotenvin something created for the first time i\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. beratty It makes electronic gadgets work. b\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. woolandd Do this to get stuff from the Internet. d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. drakeboy A computer has one. k\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. innerbump digits you must remember p\_\_\_\_ n\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. electronmotor It makes the TV work. r\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
8. examsgetset Send this on your cell phone. t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ m\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. leatherededna You do this before you can sew. t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a n\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
10. tieitsourpuss believing some things are lucky or unlucky s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
11. ***Match a first sentence (1-10) with a second sentence (a-j) to make short exchanges.***

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1. ***Choose the right word to complete the idiom.***

1. It's all right to tell a **.......** lie.

(a) red (b) white (c) blue (d) black

2. It's no good **.......** your head in the sand, you'll have to face the truth in the end.

(a) filling (b) burying (c) putting (d) digging

3. Children often go down to the seaside and use their buckets and spades to make sand **.......**.

(a) buildings (b) castles (c) houses (d) constructions

4. When there is a danger of flooding, people often pile up sand **.......** outside their houses to stop the water coming in.

(a) pots (b) sacks (c) packets (d) bags

5. Ethan's teachers told him he is the 'cream of the crop' of his graduating class. What does 'cream of the crop' mean?

(a) Good (b) The best (c) Not so good

6.His drama coach 'egged him on' so he'd go onto the stage and perform as well as he did during the rehearsals. What does "egged him on" mean?

(a) To discourage someone (b) To encourage someone

(c) To tell them they should be embarrassed

7.Keira felt like tennis was 'her cup of tea.' What does 'her cup of tea' mean?

(a) That it's not the right thing for her. (b) That it's a perfect match for her.

(c) That she should practice more.

8*.* Ray was as 'cool as a cucumber' about his exam because he studied all week for it. What does 'cool as a cucumber' mean?

(a) To be scared and cold about something (b) To be very embarrassed about something

(c) To be very calm and relaxed about something

9.Everyone knew that the politician had his 'finger in the pie' of many businesses around the city. What does 'finger in the pie' mean?

(a) To be involved in something (b) To be uninterested in something

(c) Wanting to get out of something

10. The trial turned out to be 'a hot potato' that everyone at the table was thinking about. What does 'a hot potato' mean?

(a) A topic that is very controversial. (b) A topic that is easy to answer/solve.

(c) A topic that people are indifferent about because they want to eat.

11. Lightning never strikes in the same place ……… .

(a) before (b) twice (c) secondly (d) thrice

**Պատասխաններ.**

**Օլիմպիադա 2014թ.**

**11/12 դասարաններ**

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| **Task I** | **Task II** | **Task III** | **Task IV** | **Task V** | **Task VI** | **Task VII** |
| 1. A
 | 1. will | 1. b | 1. since | 1. invention | 1. b | 1. b |
| 1. B
 | 2.  | 2. d | 2. from | 2. battery | 2. f | 2. b |
| 1. C
 | 3. there | 3. a | 3. until | 3. download | 3. h | 3. b |
| 1. C
 | 4. can | 4. c | 4. already | 4. keyboard | 4. i | 4. b |
| 1. A
 | 5. being | 5. e | 5. before | 5. pin number | 5. j | 5. b |
| 1. C
 | 6. to | 6. g | 6. for | 6. remote control | 6. e | 6. b |
| 1. D
 | 7.  | 7. h | 7. still | 7. text message | 7. d | 7. b |
| 1. B
 | 8. to | 8. f | 8. During | 8. thread a needle | 8. c | 8. c |
| 1. A
 | 9. been |  | 9. yet | 9. superstitious | 9.a | 9. a |
| 1. D
 | 10.  |  | 10. while |  | 10. g | 10. a |
|  | 11. have |  | 11. in |  |  | 11. b |
|  | 12. must |  | 12. since |  |  |  |
|  | 13. able |  | 13. since |  |  |  |
|  | 14.  |  | 14. ago |  |  |  |
|  | 15. been |  | 15. already |  |  |  |
|  | 16.  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17. and |  |  |  |  |  |